

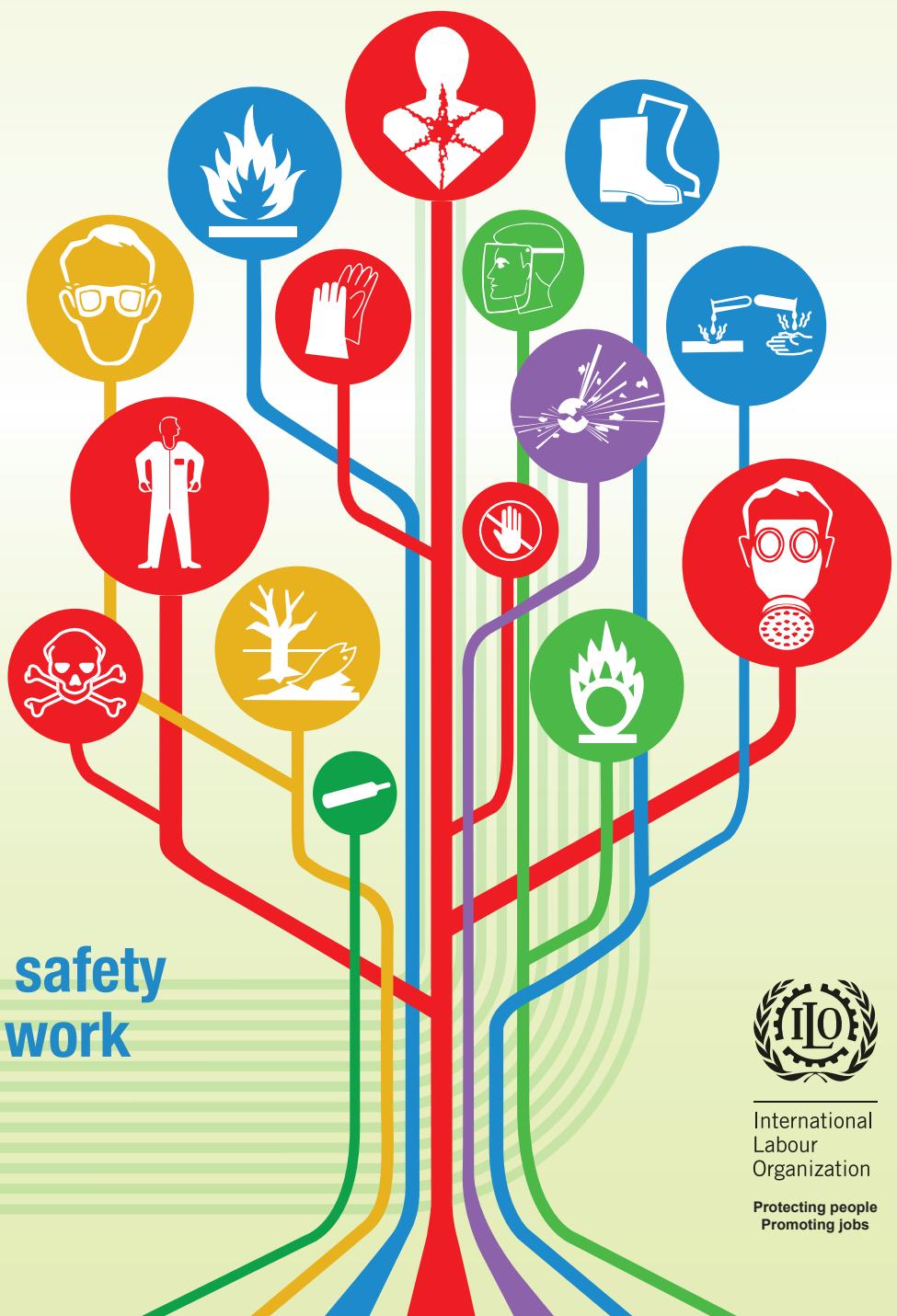
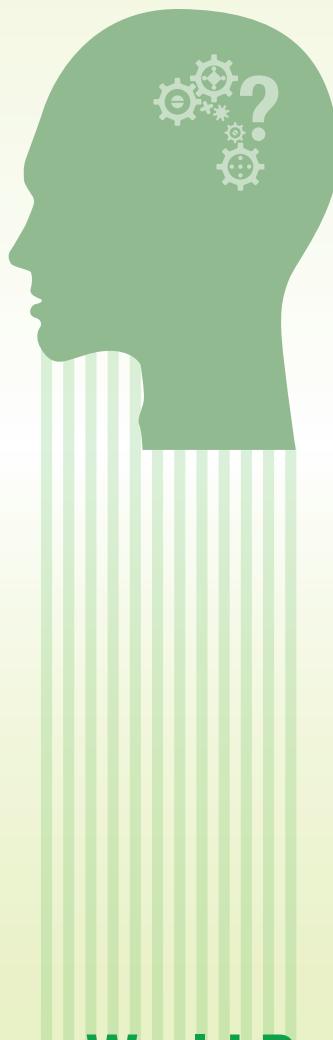
FYi



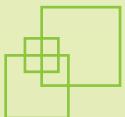
No Permit:PP13200/12/2013(032007)
May 2014:ISSN 1675-5464

Your OSH preferred partner

SAFETY AND HEALTH IN THE USE OF CHEMICALS AT WORK



**World Day for safety
and health at work**
28 April 2014



International
Labour
Organization

Protecting people
Promoting jobs

EVENTS

'SAFETY AND HEALTH IN THE USE OF CHEMICALS AT WORK'

World Day for safety and health at work

28 April marks the World OSH Day. To mark the celebration, NIOSH held a 2-day event which had exhibitions, seminars and other activities. This 2-day event aptly themed 'Safety and Health in the use of Chemicals at Work' was launched by NIOSH Chairman, YBhg Tan Sri Datuk Seri Lee Lam Thye. Exhibitions were carried out by NIOSH, SOCSO, DOSH, the Fire Brigade, Tun Hussein Onn Eye Hospital and many other agencies.

Date : 28 April 2014 (Monday)
Time : 8.30am – 5.00pm

SAFETY AND HEALTH IN THE USE OF CHEMICALS AT WORK

Continual development of production and use of the chemicals in workplace represents a real challenge for the society, as well as for the world of work. Finding appropriate balance between the benefits of chemical use and the preventive and control measures of potential adverse impact on workers, workplaces, communities and environment must represent a permanent concern and, in the same time, preoccupation for governments, employers and workers and their organizations. In this regard, concerted efforts must be orientated to offering a coherent global response to the continuous scientific and technological progress, global growth in chemicals production and changes in the organization of work in this field

The ILO celebrates the World Day for Safety and Health at Work on the 28 April to promote the prevention of occupational accidents and diseases globally. It is an awareness-raising campaign intended to focus international attention on emerging trends in the field of occupational safety and health and on the magnitude of work-related injuries, diseases and fatalities worldwide.

The 28th of April is also a day in which the world's trade union movement holds its international Commemoration Day for Dead and injured Workers to honour the memory of victims of occupational accidents and diseases and organize worldwide mobilizations and campaigns on this date.

The celebration of the World Day for Safety and Health at Work is an integral part of the Global Strategy on Occupational Safety and Health of the ILO and promotes the creation of a global preventative safety and health culture involving all stakeholders. In many parts of the world, national authorities, trade unions, employers' organizations and safety and health practitioners organize activities to celebrate this date. We invite you to join us in celebrating this significant day and share with us the activities you organize.



YBhg Tan Sri Datuk Seri Lee Lam Thye (right) as part of the gimmick launching for World Day for Safety and Health at Work 2014



Keselamatan guna bahan kimia di tempat kerja

Pertubuhan Buruh Sedunia (ILO) meraikan Hari Sedunia bagi Keselamatan dan Kesihatan Pekerjaan pada 28 April setiap tahun bagi menggalakkan pencegahan kemalangan dan penyakit pekerjaan pada peringkat global.

Ia adalah kempen kesedaran yang bertujuan untuk menumpukan perhatian terhadap bidang keselamatan dan kesihatan pekerjaan serta perkara yang berkaitan dengan kecederaan di tempat kerja, penyakit pekerjaan dan kematian di seluruh dunia.

“Pekerja yang terdedah secara langsung kepada bahan-bahan kimia berbahaya mempunyai hak untuk bekerja dalam persekitaran yang selamat dan sihat, mempunyai maklumat yang mencukupi, terlatih dan dilindungi.”

Kenang mangsa terkorban, cedera di tempat kerja

Tanggal 28 April juga dikenali sebagai Hari Peringatan apabila Kesatuan Pekerja Sedunia mengenang jasa dan pengorbanan setiap pekerja yang meninggal dunia dan cedera serta bagi menghormati ahli keluarga mangsa yang terbabit dalam kemalangan di tempat kerja serta yang menderita akibat penyakit pekerjaan dengan menganjurkan kempen di seluruh dunia pada tarikh ini.

Tema bagi sambutan Hari Sedunia bagi Keselamatan dan Kesihatan di Pekerjaan pada tahun ini adalah 'Keselamatan dan Kesihatan bagi Penggunaan Bahan Kimia di Tempat Kerja'. Bahan kimia adalah kunci kepada kehidupan moden yang dihasilkan dan digunakan di tempat kerja. Dengan usaha sama kerajaan, majikan, dan pekerja serta organisasi, mereka mampu menjana pengurusan bahan kimia yang selamat dan berkesan untuk keseimbangan di antara faedah penggunaan kimia dan langkah-langkah pencegahan serta kawalan bagi mengatasi masalah dan kesan buruk ke atas pekerja, tempat kerja, komuniti dan seterusnya alam sekitar.

Bahan kimia antara aset penting kepada kehidupan yang sihat dan kemudahan pada zaman moden ini. Ia terdiri daripada bahan racun perosak yang membantu meningkatkan tahap dan kualiti pengeluaran makanan, bidang farmaseutikal yang mampu menyembuhkan penyakit, dan produk pembersihan yang membantu mewujudkan persekitaran bersih. Bahan kimia juga digunakan secara meluas dalam kebanyakan industri pemprosesan bagi membangunkan produk penting dan seiring dengan standard global.

Penggunaan bahan kimia keterlaluan

Penggunaan bahan kimia yang keterlaluan boleh menimbulkan pelbagai kesan buruk, seperti kanser bagi aspek kesihatan, kebakaran bagi aspek fizikal, pencemaran yang berleluasa kepada alam sekitar serta ketoksidan kepada kehidupan akuatik. Terlalu banyak kes kebakaran, letupan, dan bencana lain akibat daripada pengendalian bahan kimia yang tidak selamat dan pengurusan sisa bahan kimia yang tidak efisien.

Keselamatan kendali bahan kimia

Sejak beberapa tahun kebelakangan ini, aspek keselamatan pengendalian bahan kimia menjadi bahan kajian penting di dalam bidang keselamatan dan kesihatan pekerjaan. Walaupun terdapat perkembangan positif berkaitan peraturan dan pengurusan bahan kimia, kerajaan, majikan dan pekerja tetap meneruskan usaha untuk mengurangkan kesan negatif daripada penggunaan bahan kimia berbahaya pada peringkat kebangsaan dan antarabangsa, namun ia masih tidak mencukupi. Insiden serius terus berlaku dan masih terdapat impak negatif terhadap kesihatan manusia dan juga alam sekitar.

Pekerja yang terdedah secara langsung kepada bahan-bahan kimia berbahaya mempunyai hak untuk bekerja dalam persekitaran yang selamat dan sihat, mempunyai maklumat yang mencukupi, terlatih dan dilindungi.

Tindak balas global yang relevan terhadap kemajuan sains dan teknologi yang berterusan, pertumbuhan global dalam pengeluaran bahan kimia dan perubahan dalam organisasi kerja adalah perlu.

Di samping itu, adalah penting untuk terus mencipta teknologi terkini, pembangunan sistem pengurusan yang lebih efisien dan kemudahan kepada orang ramai dalam pencarian maklumat mengenai bahaya bahan kimia serta langkah perlindungan yang berkaitan dan juga menyusun serta menggunakan maklumat itu bagi memberikan pendekatan sistematik dalam aspek keselamatan dan kesihatan penggunaan bahan kimia di tempat kerja.

Tan Sri Lee Lam Thye,

Pengerusi Institut Keselamatan dan Kesihatan Pekerjaan

Sumber dari : Akhbar Berita Harian, Apr 28, 2014, pg no. 030

NEWS HEADLINE

MAKMAL MELETUP

Publication: Harian Metro**Date of Publication:** 7 May 2014**Page number:** 04

Makmal meletup

■ Peperiksaan pertengahan tahun dihentikan angkara tumpahan bahan kimia

Oleh Asmah Rusman
asmah_rusman@hmetro.com.my
Petaling Jaya

"Saya dengar bunyi letupan kecil sebelum terdiri bau bahan kimia ketika berada di dalam kelas yang terletak bersebelahan makmal itu," kata seorang pelajar tingkatan tiga berhubung kejadian tumpahan bahan kimia di sebuah makmal di Sekolah Menengah Kebangsaan (P) Sri Aman, di sini, semalam.

Pelajar yang enggan namanya didekati itu men-

dakwa kejadian berlaku kira-kira jam 11 pagi ketika semua pelajar sedang menjalani peperiksaan pertengahan tahun.

"Makmal," berkataan tidak digunakan ketika itu oleh pelajar dan kemungkinan hanya pembantu makmal atau guru saja yang berada di dalam makmal.

"Saya dengar bunyi kaca terhermpas di lantai dan pecah disusul letupan kecil sebelum terbau bahan kimia. Kami kemudiannya

FAKTA
Sulfur Cloride-UN1828 dianggarkan sebanyak satu liter tumpah

diarahkan keluar segera dari kelas dan berkumpul di tempat selamat," katanya.

Katanya, peperiksaan terpaksa dihentikan kerana pasukan keselamatan bimbingan tumpahan kimia itu mengancam keselamatan guru dan pelajar.

Sementara itu, Ketua Balai Bomba dan Penyelamat Petaling Jaya, Muhammad Hazrin Zulkifli berkata, pihaknya menerima panggilan kecemasan jam 11.20 pagi

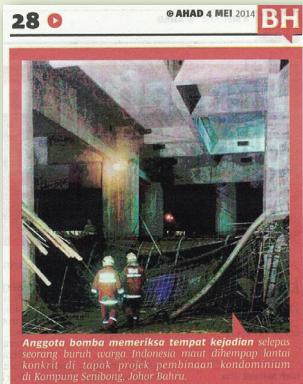
sebelum jentera bomba tiba di lokasi enam minit kemudian.

"Seramai sembilan anggota bomba diarahkan ke lokasi kejadian dengan dibantu 10 anggota Pasukan Unit Bahan Berbahaya (HAZMAT) dari Balai Bomba dan Penyelamat Shah Alam," katanya.

Katanya, bahan kimia yang tumpah ialah Sulfur Cloride-UN1828 dianggarkan sebanyak satu liter.

"Siasatan lanjut masih dilanjutkan bagi mengenal pasti punca kejadian dan anggaran jumlah kerugian," katanya.

BURUH MAUT DIHEMPAP KONKRIT

Publication: Berita Harian**Date of Publication:** 4 May 2014**Page number:** 28

Buruh maut dihempap konkrit

» Rakan berjaya selamatkan diri ketika lantai kondo runtuh

Oleh Badru Kamal Zakaria
badrukamal@bh.com.my

■ Johor Bahru

Seorang buruh warga Indonesia mati dihempap lantai konkrit di tapak projek pembinaan kondominium di Kampung Senibong, Johor Bahru, awal pagi semalam.

Dalam kejadian pada jam 1.25 pagi, seorang buruh disahkan meninggal dunia di lokasi kejadian selepas melanggar mangsa bersama-sama dengan tiga-tujuh orang kerabatnya.

Ketua Polis Daerah Johor Bahru Selatan, Asisten Komisioner Sulaiman Salleh, berkata kejadian berlaku ketika kerja di tapak projek pembinaan lantai konkrit berkenaan.

"Ketua Polis Daerah Johor Bahru Selatan, Asisten Komisioner Sulaiman Salleh, berkata kejadian berlaku ketika kerja di tapak projek pembinaan lantai konkrit berkenaan."

"Mayat mangsa dilantarkan ke rumah sakit pada jam 10.30 pagi tadi (semalam) untuk dibebaskan dan maklumat kejadian terbatib kepada ahli keluarga dan masyarakat setia kebangsaan," katanya.

"Siasatan awal mendapati mangsa memiliki pasport yang sah dan dia diklasifikasi sebagai kematian mengerjui," katanya.

"Kejadian berlaku ketika mangsa dan seorang lagi rakanannya kelewah bawah lantai konkrit untuk melihat dan memeriksa keadaan simen yang baru saja dilepaskan di lokasi berkenaan."

"Tidak lama kemudian, lantai konkrit di arah satu blok kondominium itu runtuh turun ke atas tiba-tiba dan menghempap mangsa serta rakanannya. Bagaimanapun, rakanannya yang juga berwas di dalam lantai konkrit berkenaan."

"Selainnya, beberapa pekerja lain kemudian cuba membebaskan mangsa yang terseret di bawah runtuhannya itu."

"Mangsa katanya, disahkan meninggal dunia oleh Peronda Perubatan Hospital Sultan Ismail (HSI) yang bergerges di lokasi kejadian sejurus menerima maklumat."

"Mayat mangsa dilantarkan ke rumah sakit pada jam 10.30 pagi tadi (semalam) untuk dibebaskan dan maklumat kejadian terbatib kepada ahli keluarga dan masyarakat setia kebangsaan," katanya.

"Siasatan awal mendapati mangsa memiliki pasport yang sah dan dia diklasifikasi sebagai kematian mengerjui," katanya.

WORKERS, NOT FIRMS, FACE POTENTIAL FATAL JOB RISK

Publication: New Straits Times
Date of Publication: 3 May 2014
Page number: 16

Workers, not firms, face potentially fatal job risks

PREVENTABLE DEATHS: System of workplace safety at construction sites must not be on a voluntary basis

IN the first four months of the year, Johor recorded six deaths in its booming construction sector.

Five of these were shockingly revealed to be from high-rise falls. Such numbers may not look serious, but we need to bear in mind this is still considered the first quarter of the year, and there is an urgent need to step up safety measures in the construction sector.

With so many job risks, it is no surprise that construction workers are more prone to serious injuries and, in some cases, fatalities, than other industries.

As a result, employers must continually strive for workplace safety compliance and, most importantly, their employees' health and well-being. After all, these deaths are preventable.

The state Workers Health and Safety Department (WHSD) said

construction projects involving high-rise buildings carried more risks and should be monitored to avoid serious injuries or deaths. In the state, the advent of its rapid development will see more large construction projects that are complex and dynamic in the years ahead.

Several employers may work on one site simultaneously, with the mix of contractors changing with the various phases of the project.

For example, the main contractor is present at all times; the excavating contractors, early. Then, the concrete workers, electricians and plumbers, followed by floor finishers, painters and land-



ON THE FRONTLINE
with
Ben Tan
NST Johor
bureau chief

scapers. With the added construction, it is essential that precautions be followed to protect workers' safety.

The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (Niosh) sets the guidelines that every employer must follow in regards to construction workers.

The guidelines require all workers be trained on safety issues in the workplace because of the unique dangers they face while on the job. This training gives workers guidance on proper safety methods and may prevent injury or death.

Niosh requires employers to take the initiative to ensure that the work area is safe, and any dangerous and

unnecessary obstacle must be removed to prevent injury. However, when a construction injury or death occurs because the company failed to take proper safety precautions, the company, in many cases, is held accountable.

In Johor, especially the Iskandar Malaysia corridor, development is charging at a rapid pace. Almost everywhere, there are signs of large-scale developments taking place. Luxury condominiums and commercial centres are the development staple in south Johor.

Currently, there is a national set of guidelines on safety in construction areas.

However, accidents and deaths still occur. But, the system of workplace safety at construction sites needs to be looked into, as at present, it is very much on a voluntary basis.

At present, most construction

site workers work on the simple belief that their companies will cooperate on health and safety, and become equal partners in the pursuit of that cause.

But, the pressure by the main contractors are there, as well as the developers, as there is always a tight deadline to be met.

The problem for these workers is that companies do not get killed at work. Workers are the ones who get killed at work.

These concerns have been brought to public attention by the state WHSD, which recently took a proactive stand in promoting safety culture at construction sites with its "Zero Fall" campaign.

Like the department, it is hoped that other government agencies and associations can step up to the plate and make their voices heard on the matter.

bentan@nst.com.my

NEWS HEADLINE

BUDAK MAUT DIGILIS JENGKAUT BAPA

Publication: Kosmo

Date of Publication: 4 May 2014

Page number: 02

Budak maut digilis jengkaut bapa



INILAH jengkaut yang meragut nyawa Muhammad Harris Salihin ketika dia mahu mengambil patung permainan (gambar kecil) di bawah jengkaut bapanya di Felcro Tratak Batu, Pasir Putih kelmarin.

PASIR PUTEH – Seorang kanak-kanak berusia dua tahun maut apabila kepalanya digilis jengkaut yang dipandu bapanya ketika dia mahu mengambil patung permainan yang terpelanting di bawah tayar jentera berkenaan.

Kejadian malang itu menimpa Muhammad Harris Salihin Roemi ketika dia bermain dengan saudara sebayanya di halaman rumah baharu bapanya di Felcra Teratak Batu dekatsini pada pukul 4 petang kelmarin.

Ketua Polis Daerah, Deputi Superintendant Mohd. Kamal Zainal berkata, kejadian malang itu berlaku ketika Roemah Mahat, 31, mengundurkan jengkaut yang dipinjam da-

ripada majikannya untuk membersihkan halaman rumah.

Bagaimanapun, dia yang bekerja sebagai pemandu jengkaut tidak menyedari anaknya itu sedang mengambil patung permainan berkenaan.

"Mangsa yang mengalami kecederaan teruk pada bahagian kepala meninggal dunia di tempat kejadian dan diantar ke Hospital Tengku Anis (HTA) untuk bedah siasat.

"Berdasarkan maklumat awal yang kita dapat, kanak-kanak itu digilis jengkaut yang dikendalikan bapanya sendiri yang mengundurkan kenderaan selepas membuang pasir," katanya ketika ditemui di sini semalam.



Sengsara tangan tersepit eskalator

Seorang budak enam tahun terpaksa menahan kesakitan hampir 45 minit, selepas sebahagian tangan kanannya tersepit pada eskalator sebuah pasar raya di Jalan Reko, Kajang, jam 4.30 petang kelmarin.

Kejadian menimpa mangsa ketika cuba menggunakan kemudahan terbabit sebelumnya tangannya tersangkut pada getah pemegang laluan itu. Mangsa bernasib baik kejadian itu disedari orang ramai yang kemudian bertindak mematikan suis elektrik sebelum menghubungi bantuan bomba.

Ketua Operasi Bomba dan Penyelamat Kajang, Mohd Nasir Idris, berkata sembilan anggotanya dikehalkan ke lokasi sebelum berjaya mengeluarkan tangan mangsa yang cedera ringan pada jam 5.15 petang selepas menggunakan pemotong hidraulik.

SENGSARA TANGAN TERSEPIT ESKALATOR

Publication: Berita Harian

Date of Publication: 5 May 2014

Page number: 04

238 TERBUNUH LETUPAN LOMBONG ARANG BATU

Publication: Berita Harian

Date of Publication: 15 May 2014

Page number: 34

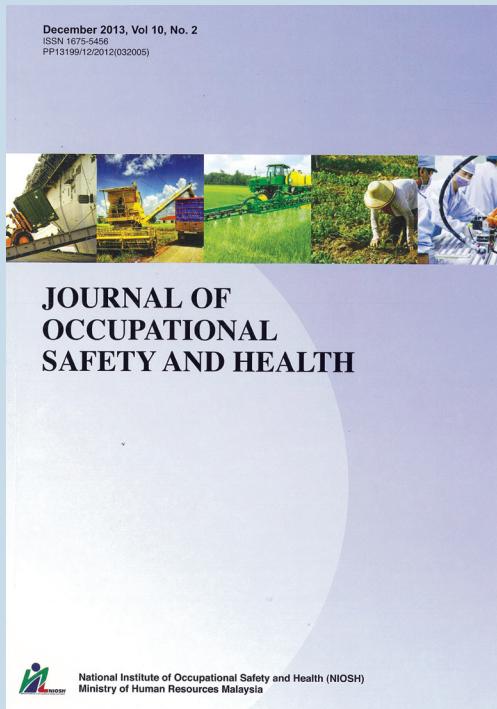


Journal of Occupational Safety and Health

OHSAS 18001 and MS 1722 Certification Initiatives Prove the Commitment to Sustainability

Wai Onn Hong

Processing Department, Genting Plantations Berhad,
10th Floor, Wisma Genting, Jalan Sultan Ismail, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Tel: +603 2333 6506 **Fax:** + 603 2161 9689 **Email:** hongwaionn@gmail.com



Malaysia's palm oil industry is growing in complexity and successively to succeed on the global level by accounts for about 36% of the world production of palm oil [1]. But, Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) issues are still problematic areas that need to be addressed by all parties concerned in this industry. In the olden days, unlike construction or manufacturing industry, palm oil industry was green in OHS management system. However, due to stringent in the legislative enforcement in the past few years, it has lead some of the plantation companies to develop OHS management system, which are based on Occupational Health and Safety Assessment Series (OHSAS), towards corporate sustainability. Sustainability is not about paying lip-service to the latest corporate buzzword; neither is it about superficially meeting minimum requirements for the sake of compliance. Rather, sustainability is a core value that lies at the heart of the companies' business conduct. In practical terms, this means strive to operate with due consideration for the interest of all stakeholders by making the health and safety of all workers a priority. This paper describes the certification of OHSAS 18001 and MS 1722 in Genting Plantations Berhad (GENP) prove the commitment to sustainability by forming guiding principle on safety management. Further, this paper also demonstrates that the implementation of safety management can help to reduce the accident rate, especially fatal accident.

Keywords: palm oil industry, OHSAS 18001, MS 1722, safety management, sustainability

For Full Paper, please find:

Journal of Occupational Safety and Health
December 2013, Vol.10, No.2
ISSN 1675-5456
PP13199/12/2012(032005)

Contact:
NIOSH Library,
Bandar Baru Bangi, Selangor

Disclaimer

©Copyright 2014. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health Malaysia. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in retrieval system, or transcribed in any forms or by any means, electronic, photocopying, or otherwise, without prior written permission of the copyright owner.